

Publikationen

Tetzlaff J, Mond L, Safieddine B, Sperlich S, Steffens S, Tetzlaff F. Getting better or worse? How trends in healthy life expectancy within working age are shaped by diverging trends among age groups. *Eur J Public Health*. 2026;36(3). Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1093/eurpub/ckag059>

Tetzlaff J, Tetzlaff F, Luy M. Lagging behind in health and work expectancies: Increasing disadvantage of individuals with lower educational level in Germany. *PloS one*. 2025;20(11):e0337064. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0337064>

Beller J, Sperlich S, Epping J, Safieddine B, Hegewald J, Tetzlaff J. Sociodemographic differences in low back pain: which subgroups of workers are most vulnerable? *BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders*. 2024;25(1):852. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12891-024-07970-5>

Beller J, Sperlich S, Epping J, Tetzlaff J. Trends in severe functional limitations among working and non-working adults in Germany: Towards an (un)-healthy working life? *Eur J Ageing*. 2024;21(1):13. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10433-024-00809-x>

Epping J, Tetzlaff F, Mond L, Tetzlaff J. Healthy enough to work up to age 67 and beyond? A longitudinal population-based study on time trends in working life expectancy free of cardiovascular diseases based on German health insurance data. *BMJ Public Health*. 2024;2(1):e000400. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1136/bmjph-2023-000400>

Mond L, Hegewald J, Liebers F, Epping J, Beller J, Sperlich S, et al. The relationship between physical and psychosocial workplace exposures and life expectancy free of musculoskeletal and cardiovascular disease in working life – an analysis based on German health insurance data. *BMC public health*. 2024;24(1):2198. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12889-024-19721-1>

Tetzlaff J, Epping J. Länger gesund im Beruf? Trends in den Lebensjahren frei von Herz-Kreislauf- und Muskel-Skelett-Erkrankungen in GKV-Daten für die Erwerbstätigen- und Allgemeinbevölkerung. *Bundesgesundheitsblatt - Gesundheitsforschung - Gesundheitsschutz*. 2024;67(5):555-63. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00103-024-03868-8>

Tetzlaff J, Epping J, Stahmeyer JT, Liebers F, Hegewald J, Sperlich S, et al. The development of working life expectancy without musculoskeletal diseases against the backdrop of extended working lives. *Scientific reports*. 2024;14(1):7930. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-024-58650-2>

Beller J, Epping J, Sperlich S, Tetzlaff J. Changes in disability over time among older working-age adults: Which global and specific limitations are increasing in Germany using the SHARE-data from 2004 to 2015? *SAGE Open Med*. 2023;11:20503121231184012. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1177/20503121231184012>

Tetzlaff F, Nowossadeck E, Epping J, di Lego V, Muszynska-Spielauer M, Beller J, et al. Trends in cancer-free working life expectancy based on health insurance data from Germany-Is the increase as strong as in working life expectancy? *PloS one*. 2023;18(7):e0288210. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0288210>

Sperlich S, Beller J, Epping J, Geyer S, Tetzlaff J. Trends of healthy and unhealthy working life expectancy in Germany between 2001 and 2020 at ages 50 and 60: a question of educational level? *Journal of epidemiology and community health*. 2023;77(7):430-9. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1136/jech-2023-220345>

Heller C, Sperlich S, Tetzlaff F, Geyer S, Epping J, Beller J, et al. Living longer, working longer: analysing time trends in working life expectancy in Germany from a health perspective between 2002 and 2018. *European Journal of Ageing*. 2022:1-14. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10433-022-00707-0>

Tetzlaff F, Hoebel J, Epping J, Geyer S, Golpon H, Tetzlaff J. Time Trends and Income Inequalities in Cancer Incidence and Cancer-Free Life Expectancy-a Cancer Site-Specific Analysis of German Health Insurance Data. *Frontiers in oncology*. 2022;12:827028-. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.3389/fonc.2022.827028>

Tetzlaff J, Luy M, Epping J, Geyer S, Beller J, Stahmeyer JT, et al. Estimating trends in working life expectancy based on health insurance data from Germany – Challenges and advantages. *SSM - Population Health*. 2022;19:101215. Doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ssmph.2022.101215>